# Empower – Menopause and Cancer Survivorship Pathway

Brain Fog – Summary Overview from Sessions 1, 2, 3 & 6







# Common Psychological symptoms of (Peri)Menopause

- Night sweat and hot flushes can contribute to fatigue/brain fog
- Fatigue can significantly contribute to brain fog
- Poor Concentration & Memory Loss
- Psychological problems including Stress and Anxiety can contribute to brain fog
- Menstrual Changes: heavier periods/irregular periods
- Loss of Vaginal Elasticity & Lubrication
- Decrease in metabolism resulting in increase in weight
- Increase risk of metabolic syndrome
- Hair & skin changes
- Joint complaints
- Bladder complaints







## Impact of Fatigue

- Physical Impact
  - Muscle Weakness
  - Reduced Energy Endurance
  - Reduced Ability for Daily Activities
- Cognitive Impact
  - Difficulty Concentrating
  - Memory Difficulties
  - Difficulty Multitasking
- Emotional Impact
  - Anxiety & Stress



# **Brain Fog**





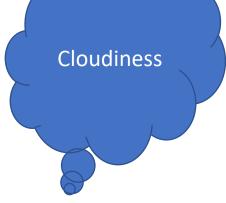


Fogginess

Hit by a hammer

Hit by a bus

Unpredictable



My brain says Go
My body says NO!

Like a wave washing over me!



UCD School of Medicine
Scoil an Leighis UCD



# How do I Manage Cancer/Menopause Related Brain Fog

- Manage Energy Levels Efficiently prioritise activities and pace yourself
- Sleep Well and nap if needed
- Awareness of Anxiety and Stress triggers – relaxation techniques
- Physical Activity
- Resting
- Balanced Diet

- Routine
- Rest rest breaks, breathers & daytime naps
- Reminders notes, phone alarms etc
- Rejuvenate
- Rely on Others seek help
- Regular Sleep







### Health Promotion: Diet

- Hydrate drink plenty of water
- Oily fish, low GI fruits & veg, whole grains, soya, legumes, etc
- Avoiding excess red meat & simple sugars can improve weight and reduce hot sweats (may help with brain fog)
- Avoid alcohol, excess sugar, excess caffeine
- B Vitamins & Omega 3's (check with pharmacist for contraindications)









## Practical Tips - Diet

Aim for at least 5 portions fruits and vegetables daily

Aim for wholegrain carbs in each meal

Limit Alcohol, salt and processed foods

Have protein in most meals. Lean sources are best

Add oats or pearl barley to daily diet to \$\sqrt{LDL}\$ cholesterol

2g Plant Sterols and Stanols –if cholesterol raised Vitamin D daily - 15ug

Minimise supplements for food first approach

For soya products add edamame to salads, try tofu meals, soya milk

2-3 portions of Calcium rich foods daily







### Health Promotion: Movement

### Regular Physical Activity:

- Exercise improves most psychological symptoms
- Helps with mental clarity and managing stress
- Decreases premature death, heart disease, diabetes, high blood pressure, colon cancer, obesity and more
- Exercise has a beneficial effect on Bone & Muscle and can reduce the risk of falling by improving strength, flexibility & balance.
- Exercise reduces bad cholesterol and raises the good cholesterol









- Cancer Related Fatigue
- Aerobic: 3x/week for 30 min per session of moderate intensity
- Resistance: 2x/week of 2 sets of 12-15 reps for major muscle groups of moderate intensity



#### **Health Related Quality of Life**

Aerobic: **3x**/week for **30-60** min per session of moderate intensity Resistance: **2x**/week of **2** sets of **8-15** reps for major muscle groups of moderate to vigorous intensity



#### **Physical Function**

Aerobic: **3x**/week for **30-60** min per session of moderate intensity Resistance **2x**/week of **2** sets of **8-15** reps for major muscle groups of moderate to vigorous intensity









Anxiety

• Aerobic: 3x/week for 30-60 min per session of moderate to vigorous intensity

• Resistance: Insufficient evidence



#### **Depression**

Aerobic: 3x/week for 30-60 min per session of moderate to vigorous intensity

Resistance: 2x/week of 2 sets of 8-15 reps for major muscle groups of

moderate intensity



#### Lymphedema

Aerobic: Insufficient evidence

Resistance: **2-3x**/week of progressive supervised programme for major

muscle groups does not exacerbate lymphedema







#### **EXERCISE TRACKING SHEET**

	CII	RCLE	EAC	H DA	Y YO	U EX	ERCI	SE				
Month	Day											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31					

#### TRACK YOUR EXERCISE FOR EACH DAY

Date	Step count	Exercise (what type)	Intensity (how hard)	Time (how long)	Notes	







# Are you self-critical during moments of brain-fog, anxiety ...?









## The Power of Self-Criticism

- Constantly putting yourself down can activate your stress systems and trigger the emotional systems in your brain that lead you to feeling anxious, angry and down.
- Our own thoughts can affect parts of our brain that give rise to more stressful and unpleasant feelings.
- If we develop a self-critical style then we are constantly stimulating our threat system and will understandably feel constantly threatened.







## Reminder ....

- We have 'tricky' brains, this is not our fault.
- How we respond to ourselves can or + our distress.
- Compassion takes practice but even 1 minute of "dedicated selfkindenss" can make all the difference.
- Surf difficult emotions by breating in, exhaling out.
- Use your attention like a "spot-light" moving away from anxious thoughts.
- Practice your kind-voice "Go easy" on yourself.





