## **Empower - Menopause and Cancer Survivorship Pathway**

Lifestyle Supports: Exercise

## Tips & Advice

- 1. Try to engage in low impact, moderate level aerobic exercise for 30 minutes at least 3 days per week. A moderate level is when your heartrate is elevated and when you are not so out of breath that you cannot carry out a conversation.
  - a. Exercise example:
    - i. Walk slowly for 5 minutes to warm up
    - ii. Walk briskly for 20 minutes to work up a sweat.
    - iii. Walk slowly for 5 minutes to cool down
    - iv. If exercise is hard start slowly (walk for 5 minutes each day and when you can do that comfortably add 1-2 minutes, keep doing this until you reach 30 minutes of walking)

https://www.oncolink.org/support/exercise-cancer/chemotherapy-hormonal-therapy-your-bones-what-is-the-role-of-exercise

- 2. Tips on getting the most out of your walk:
  - a. Keep your head up
  - b. Relax your neck and shoulders
  - c. Pull in and tighten your stomach muscles and keep your back straight
  - d. Make sure to walk very smoothly: roll your feet from heel to toe
  - e. Swing your arms with a slight bend in your elbows
  - f. Change your pace throughout the walk (start slow, increase pace, slow down again at the end of the walk)

https://www.cancer.ie/cancer-information-and-support/cancer-support/coping-with-cancer/information-for-survivors/healthy-lifestyle-changes/exercising-after-cancer-treatment

- 3. Change up the exercises that you do. Weight bearing exercises like jogging, walking, dancing or climbing stairs are good for improving and maintaining bone strength.
- 4. Try to do some exercises that will increase muscle and bone strength. Many doctors recommend using resistance bands.
- 5. Try to find ways to make exercising more enjoyable. For instance, listen to music or podcasts while you walk.
- 6. Simple ways to stay active on a day-to-day basis:
  - a. Talk a walk in the evening after dinner.
  - b. Rake leaves.
  - c. Park your car in a spot slightly farther away from your location than you normally would so you have to walk a bit farther to your destination.
  - d. Take the stairs rather than the lift.
- 7. Do not exceed a moderate level of exercise unless your doctor says it is okay.
- 8. Stretch to increase flexibility. Recommended way to stretch: reach your hands overhead, bending over to touch your toes; hold each stretch for 15-30 seconds

https://www.cancer.org/treatment/survivorship-during-and-after-treatment/be-healthy-after-treatment/physical-activity-and-the-cancer-patient.html#:~:text=Start%20slowly%20and%20build%20up,least%202%20days%20per%20week.







9. Make sure to exercise on a flat surface and to engage in activities that won't increase your risk of injury.

(https://www.cancer.ie/cancer-information-and-support/cancer-support/coping-with-cancer/information-for-survivors/healthy-lifestyle-changes/exercising-after-cancer-treatment)

- Drink plenty of water throughout the day. Doctors recommend drinking 8-12 glasses per day (unless you have been instructed not to). (<a href="https://www.breastcancer.org/treatment-side-effects/dehydration">https://www.breastcancer.org/treatment-side-effects/dehydration</a>)
- 11. After exercising eat a healthy snack like a piece of fruit.
- 12. Try gardening. This is a good gentle way to get some physical activity in. Be sure to wear gloves to protect your hands from getting cut.

https://www.macmillan.org.uk/cancer-information-and-support/treatment/preparing-for-treatment/physical-activity-and-cancer/types

- 13. Set short and long-term goals for exercising.
- 14. Use fitness trackers to track your exercise progress.

## Wellness

- 1. Find hobbies you enjoy (i.e., crafting, photography, reading, art, watching movies, etc.)
- 2. Engage in activities that will relax your brain and nervous system:
  - Meditation, guided imagery
- 3. Avoid smoking.





